

Entwicklungs- und Prueflabor Holztechnologie GmbH·Zellescher Weg 24·01217 Dresden · Germany Zhejiang Xinhaiye Bamboo Technology Co., Ltd. Xikou Industrial Zone, Longyou County, Zhejiang, China

Entwicklungs- und Prueflabor Holztechnologie GmbH Zellescher Weg 24 01217 Dresden · Germany

Phone: +49 351 4662 0 Fax: +49 351 4662 211 info@eph-dresden.de www.eph-dresden.de

Dresden, 05/06/2018

# Test Report 2218002-A1/pos.4

Client:

Zhejiang Xinhaiye Bamboo Technology Co., Ltd.

Xikou Industrial Zone, Longyou County,

Zhejiang, China

Date of order:

07/03/2018

General order:

Laboratory tests and analysis of wood decking: biological durability,

anti-slip properties, mechanical properties, and chemical analysis

Order position

Pos. 4: Laboratory test of the resistance against moulds according to

EN ISO 846, Method A (Fungal growth test)

Contractor:

Entwicklungs- und Prüflabor Holztechnologie GmbH

Laboratory Unit Biological Testing

Zellescher Weg 24 01217 Dresden

Germany

Engineer in charge:

Dipl.-Ing. Kordula Jacobs

Dr. Wolfram Scheiding

Head of Laboratory Unit Biological Testing

This report is an actualization of report 2218002 from 22/05/2018 (Complementation of test performance parameters). The test report contains 3 pages. Any duplication, even in part, requires written permission of EPH. These test results are exclusively related to the tested material.





#### Task

Determination of the resistance against moulds in a laboratory test according to EN ISO 846, method A (fungal growth test)

#### **Test material**

Product name: DASSO DassoCTECH exterior strand woven bamboo decking

Producer: Fujian Dasso Industry Co.,Ltd.

Zhuhai trading mall, Jianou city, Fujian province, China

Delivery date: 07/03/2018

### **Test performance**

Test standard: DIN EN ISO 846:1997-10 (method A)

Test principle: Specimens from the test material were put on mineral salt agar without organic

carbon source. A mixed spores' suspension of five mould fungi was spread onto the agar and the specimens' surface. After incubation under optimal conditions for the growth of mould fungi, the mould infestation (germination of spores,

mycelia growth and sporulation) was visually assessed.

Test fungi: Aspergillus niger DSM 1957

Talaromyces pinophilum DSM 1944

*Trichoderma viride* DSM 1963 (synonym: *Gliocladium virens*)

Paecilomyces variotii DSM 1961 Chaetomium globosum DSM 1962

Concentration of the mixed spores' suspension:  $1 \times 10^6$  spores/ml

Specimens: 50 mm × 50 mm × 5 mm (length × width × thickness), 5 replicates; delivered by

the client

Aging procedure: no weathering, leaching or evaporation procedure before the fungal test

Viability control: inoculation of mineral salt agar with saccharose as organic carbon source with

the mixed spores' suspension

Microbicide solution: 70 % ethanol Test temperature:  $29 \pm 1$  °C

Incubation period: 28 days (10 April – 08 May 2018)

#### Results

### **Validity**

The test was valid because the viability controls were heavily grown after a period of 4 days and showed typical growth after a period of 14 days (figure 1).

### Infestation of the test material

The specimens were not infested by mould fungi (no spore germination and mycelia growth) within 28 days of incubation. Also, no fungal growth occurred onto the agar (table 1, figure 2).

**Table 1:** Evaluation of the growth on the specimens' surface (rating\*) after 28 days

Specimen No.		1	2	3	4	5
Rating		0	0	0	0	0
*Rating	Description					
0	No growth apparent under the microscope (50-fold magnification)					
1	No growth visible to the naked eye, but clearly visible under the microscope					
2	Growth visible to the naked eye, covering up to 25 % of the test surface.					
3	Growth visible to the naked eye, covering up to 50 % of the test surface					
4	Considerable growth, covering more than 50 % of the test surface					
5	Heavy growth, covering the entire test surface					



Figure 1: Viability control after after 14 days of incubation

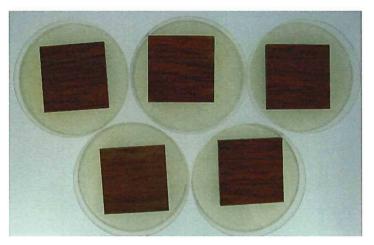


Figure 2: Test specimens after 28 days of incubation

## **Evaluation**

The test material was not infested by mould fungi (no spore germination and mycelia growth). Thus, the material achieved the rating "0". In accordance to the standard that means:

- The material is resistant against mould fungi.
- The material does not provide a nutrient source.
- The material possesses fungistatic properties.

Dresden, 05/06/2018

Dipl.-Ing. Kordula Jacobs Person in charge